

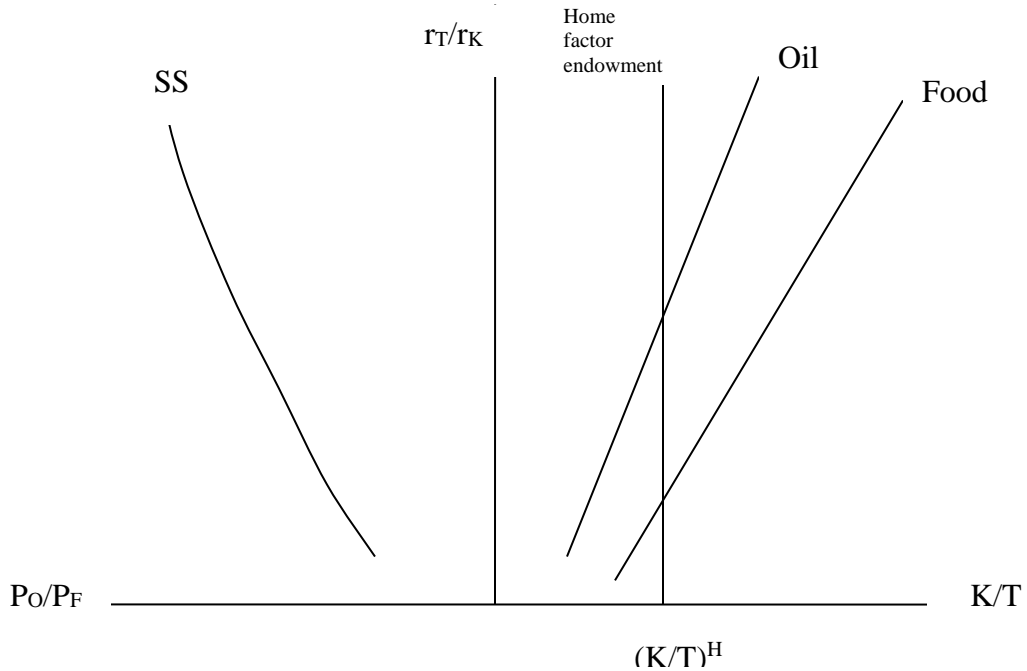
**Problem Set 1**

Due in Lecture on Wednesday, February 10th. “FT” denotes Feenstra-Taylor textbook

- FT2, Problem 2.
- FT2, Problem 3.
- FT2, Problem 4.
- FT2, Problem 5.
- FT2, Problem 9.
- FT2, Problem 11.

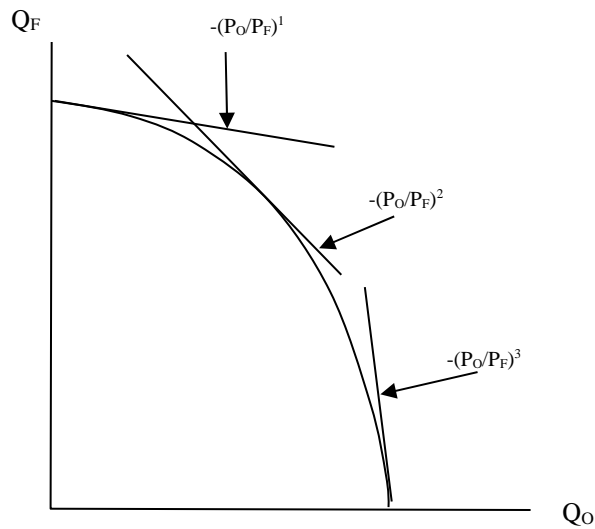
7. Heckscher-Ohlin Model of Trade.

On the diagram below, the endowment of Home is marked  $(K/T)^H$  (by the way, this is sometimes called a “Johnson Diagram”, after Harry Johnson; refer to *Handout on Heckscher-Ohlin*). The PPF for the same country is also shown below.



**Figure 1: “Johnson Diagram”**

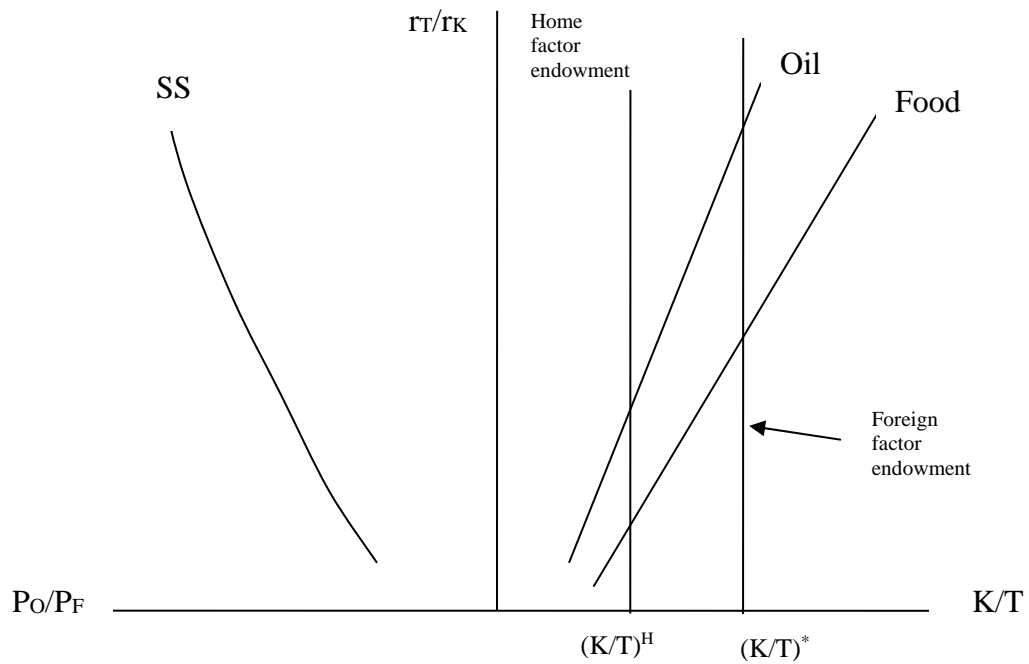
Where  $K$  is capital,  $T$  is land,  $r_T$  is the rental rate for land, and  $r_K$  is the rental rate for capital.



**Figure 2: PPF for Home**

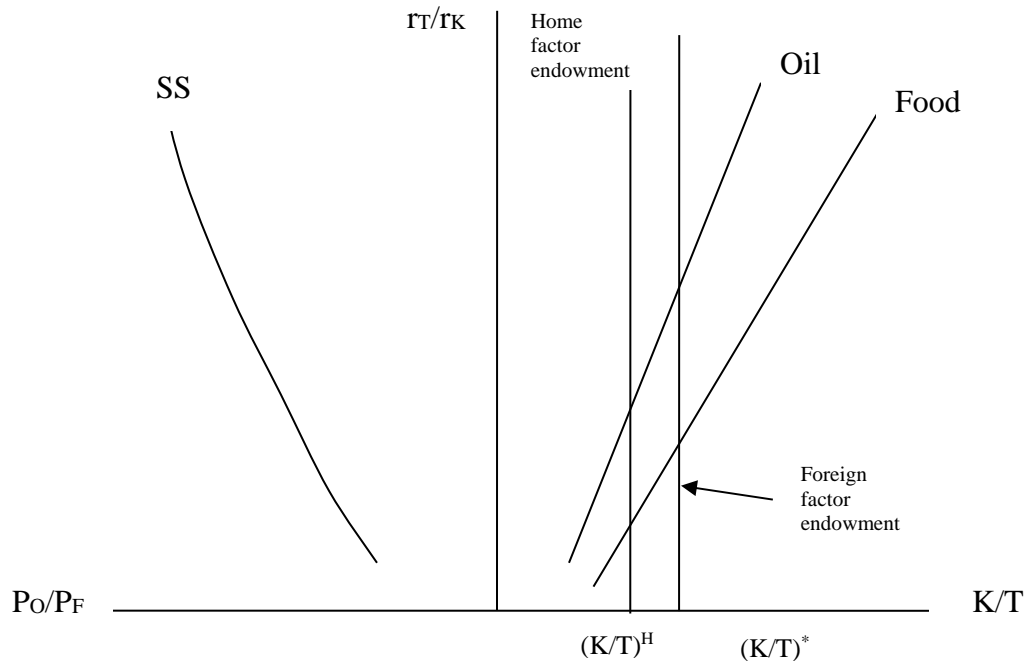
- What are the factor ratios in use in the oil and food industry for the price ratio  $(P_O/P_F)^3$ ? What about  $(P_O/P_F)^2$ ?
- What happens to the relative returns to factors as the price ratio changes from  $(P_O/P_F)^2$  to  $(P_O/P_F)^1$ ? Can you explain this result intuitively?
- At  $(P_O/P_F)^1$  what are the factor ratios used in each industry? [Hint: Mark this ratio on the Johnson Diagram] Can you explain why the factors in Home can be fully employed at this relative price of commodities?

Assume Home and Foreign are endowed with factor ratios of  $(K/T)^H$  and  $(K/T)^*$ .



**Figure 3: "Johnson Diagram" with Foreign Endowment**

- d. Which country has more resources per unit of land (T)?
- e. Which country has the lower price of Oil in autarky? (Assume both goods are produced.)
- f. Draw in some autarky price ratios in figure 3. Where must the world price ratio fall? What world price ratio supports specialization in both countries?
- g. Is there a world price ratio where neither country specializes in production of one good? What happens to relative factor returns in both countries when trade occurs? Why?



**Figure 4: “Johnson Diagram” with Alternate Foreign Endowment**

Consider the pair of trading countries Home and Foreign (the endowment line is positioned differently now). Let  $(P_O/P_F)^W$  be the equilibrium world price of the commodities.

- h. What are the factor ratios in food and clothing industries in Foreign? In Home? What are the relative returns to factors in Foreign and Home?
- i. What country produces relatively more Oil, and why?
- j. If consumption preferences are identical in both countries, which one will export Oil?
- k. If  $(P_O/P_F)^*$  is the autarky commodity price ratio in Foreign, which group of factor owners in Foreign will oppose the introduction of trade?