

6-1-09

- NUMERICAL EXAMPLE
- COMPARATIVE STATICS
- DATA ON COUNTRIES
- HOMEWORK ISSUES
- GROWTH ACCOUNTING

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### NUMERICAL EXAMPLE

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$$Y = K^{1/3} L^{2/3} \quad (\text{i.e. } \alpha = 1/3)$$

$$n = 0.30 \quad \delta = 0.10 \quad \eta = 0$$

- (1) CALCULATE OUTPUT PER WORKER / CAPITAL PER WORKER AT THE BGP.
- (2) SUPPOSE  $\lambda_0 = 2$  IS  $\lambda$  INCREASING, DECREASING OR CONSTANT?
- (3) CALCULATE GROWTH RATE OF  $\lambda$  AND  $y$  AT  $\lambda_0 = 2$

- 
- (1) THIS IS A SOLOW MODEL WITHOUT TECH. CHANGE  $\Rightarrow$  WE MODIFY THE SYSTEM BY DIVIDING EVERYTHING BY  $L$  TO ANALYZE THE BGP. THE MODIFIED SYSTEM HAS A S.S. THAT COINCIDES WITH

B GP OF ~~SYSTEM~~ ORIGINAL ONE.

(2)

$$\frac{Y}{L} = \frac{k^{1/3} L^{2/3}}{L} = \left(\frac{k}{L}\right)^{1/3}$$

(+)  $y = \lambda^{1/3}$

ORIGINAL SYSTEM:

$$\dot{k} = \alpha \cdot Y - \delta k$$

$$\boxed{\hat{k}} = \frac{\dot{k}}{k} = \frac{\alpha Y/L - \delta}{k/L} = \alpha \frac{Y}{k} - \delta$$

(++)

$$\boxed{\alpha \lambda^{\alpha-1} - \delta}$$

↓  
USING (+)

WE WANT

$\hat{\lambda}$  AND  $\dot{\lambda} \Rightarrow$

(+++)

$$\boxed{\hat{\lambda}} = \left(\frac{k}{L}\right) = \hat{k} - \underbrace{\hat{L}}_0 = \boxed{\hat{k}}$$

USING (++) & (+++)

$$\boxed{\hat{\lambda}} = \hat{k} = \boxed{\alpha \lambda^{\alpha-1} - \delta}$$

AND

$$\boxed{\dot{\lambda}} = \hat{\lambda} \cdot \lambda = \boxed{\alpha \lambda^{\alpha} - \delta \lambda}$$

AT S.S.  $\hat{h}_n = 0$

$\Rightarrow \hat{h}_n = a h^{a-1} - \delta = 0$

Here  $\Rightarrow a h^{a-1} = \delta$

$\frac{a}{\delta} = h^{1-a}$

$\Rightarrow \boxed{h^*} = \left[ \frac{a}{\delta} \right]^{\frac{1}{1-a}} = \left[ \frac{0.3}{0.1} \right]^{3/2} = 5.196 \approx \boxed{5.2}$

$y^* = h^{*1/3} = (5.2)^{1/3}$

(2) SINCE  $h_0 = 2 < h^* = 5.2$

$\Rightarrow h \uparrow$

(3)  $\hat{h}_0 = 0.3 h_0^{-2/3} - 0.10$

$= 0.3 \times 2^{-2/3} - 0.10$

$= \frac{0.3}{2^{2/3}} - 0.10 \approx 0.088$

$= 8.8\%$

$\hat{y}_0 = \alpha \hat{h}_0 = \frac{1}{3} \times 0.088 \approx 0.0296 \approx 2.96\%$

GROW WITH TECH. CHANGE  
(LABOR AUGMENTING)

$$Y = k^\alpha (AL)^{1-\alpha}$$

$$\dot{k} = \alpha Y - \delta k$$

$$\hat{A} = g$$

$$\hat{L} = n$$

MODIFIED SYSTEM in NEW  
VARIABLES :

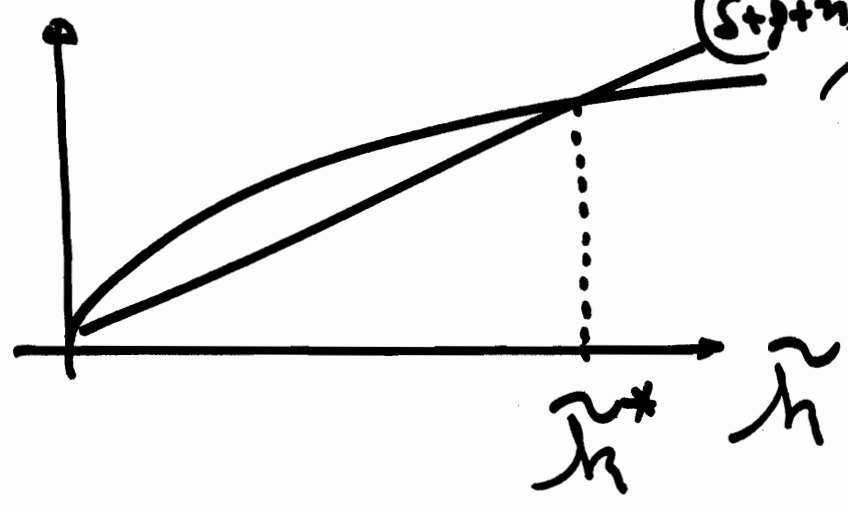
$$\tilde{y} = \frac{Y}{AL} = \left(\frac{k}{A}\right)^\alpha, \quad \tilde{k} = \frac{k}{AL} = \left(\frac{k}{A}\right)$$

$$\dot{\tilde{y}} = \alpha \tilde{y}$$

$$\dot{\tilde{k}} = \alpha \tilde{k}^\alpha - (\delta + g + n) \tilde{k}$$

or

$$\dot{\tilde{k}} = \alpha \tilde{k}^{\alpha-1} - (\delta + g + n) \tilde{k}$$



AT BGP  
 $\hat{y} = 0$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{y} = \hat{A} = g$$

OUTPUT PER WORKER  
GROWS AT RATE  
OF TECH. CHANGE

$\hat{k} = 0$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{k} = \hat{A} = g$$

CAPITAL PER WORKER  
GROWS AT RATE  
OF TECH. CHANGE

OUTPUT PER WORKER

AT BGP      IN SOLOW  
MODEL      WITH TECH.  
CHANGE      .

AT BGP:  $\hat{k} = 0$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{k} = \alpha k^{\alpha-1} - (\delta + n + g) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \tilde{k} = \left[ \frac{\alpha}{\delta + n + g} \right]^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha}}$$

SINCE  $\tilde{y} = \tilde{h}^{\alpha} = \left[ \frac{r}{s+h+g} \right]^{\frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha}}$  (6)

BUT  $\tilde{y} = \frac{y}{A} \Rightarrow \boxed{y = \tilde{y} \cdot A}$

NOTICE  $\tilde{y} = \text{CONSTANT}$   
 $A(t) = \text{MOVING}$

$\Rightarrow y(t) = \tilde{y} \cdot A(t) = \left[ \frac{r}{s+h+g} \right]^{\frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha}} A(t)$

FIGURE 2.8 GDP PER WORKER VERSUS THE INVESTMENT RATE

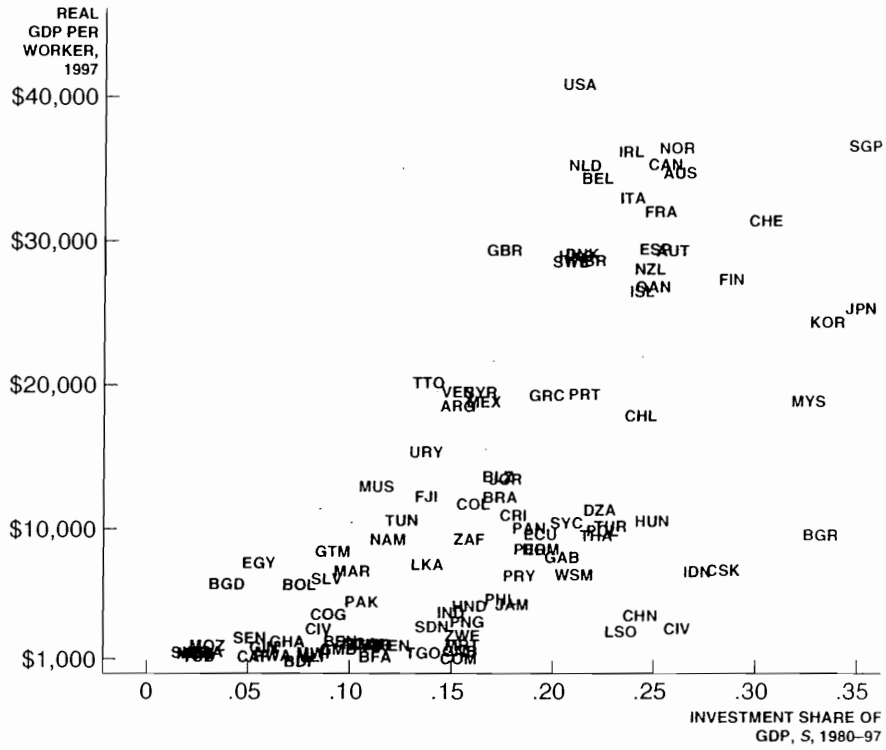
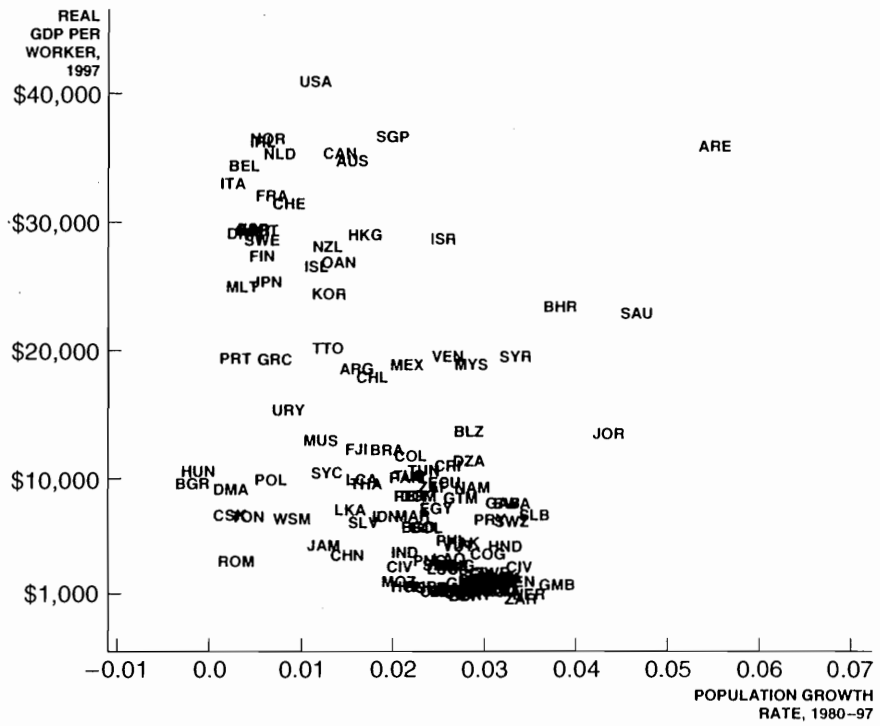


FIGURE 2.7 GDP PER WORKER VERSUS POPULATION GROWTH RATES



# DATA?

SAVINGS RATE?  
AND OUTPUT  
PER WORKER

(CLOSED  
ECONOMY  $\Rightarrow$   
SAVINGS RATE =  
INV. RATE

POPULATION GROWTH  
& OUTPUT PER  
WORKER

## COMPARATIVE STATICS

### TWO TYPES OF CHANGES

(I) SHOCKS THAT CHANGE  
STARTING STATE OR  
DISTURB SYSTEM

BGP  
DOES  
NOT  
CHANGE

- $\downarrow$  K DUE TO WAR
- $\uparrow$  K DUE TO GIFT
- $\downarrow$  L DUE TO VIRUS
- $\uparrow$  L DUE TO IMMIGRATION

(II) PARAMETER CHANGES

CHANGES IN:  $\alpha, \delta, n, g$

$\Rightarrow$  BGP CHANGES  $\Rightarrow$  EVALUATE  
ADJUSTMENT TO BP

(I) EXAMPLE:

$\Delta k$  DUE TO GIFT  
IN SOLOW WITHOUT TECH. CHANGE  
ASSUMING ECONOMY WAS AT  
THE BGP BEFORE THE GIFT  
 $n > 0$

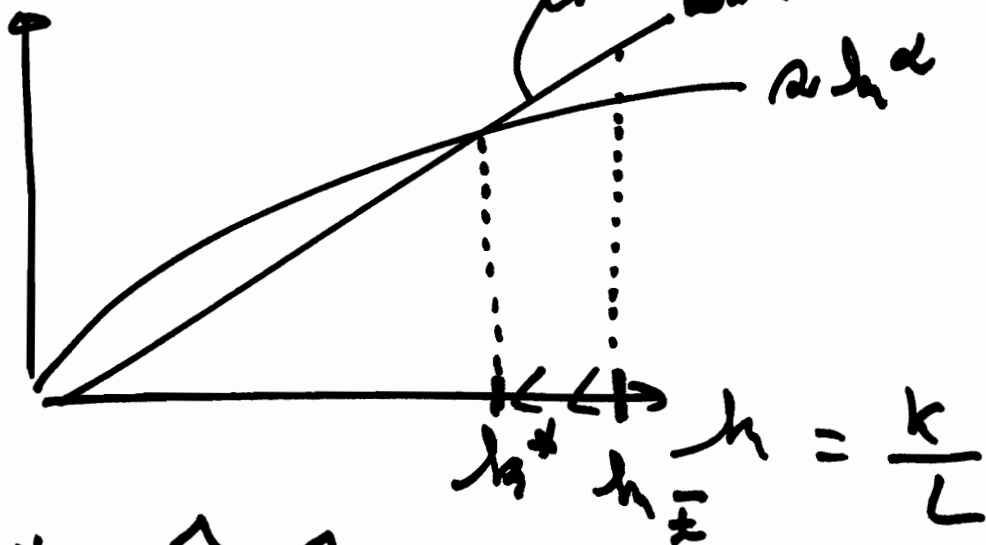
QUESTIONS:

- (i)  $\hat{y}^*$ ?  $y^*$ ?
- (ii) PATH OF  $k, \hat{k}, y, \hat{y}$

(i)  $y^*$  DOES NOT CHANGE

$\hat{y}^*$  " " " (EQUALS ZERO)

(ii)

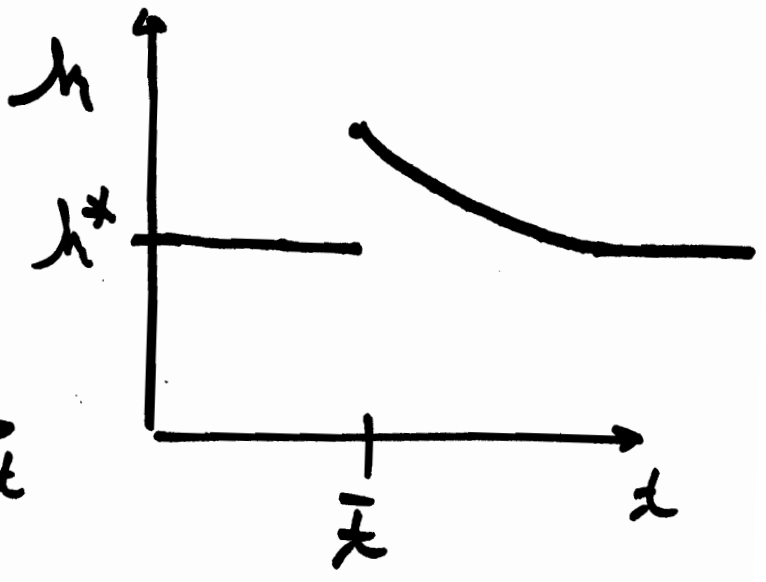
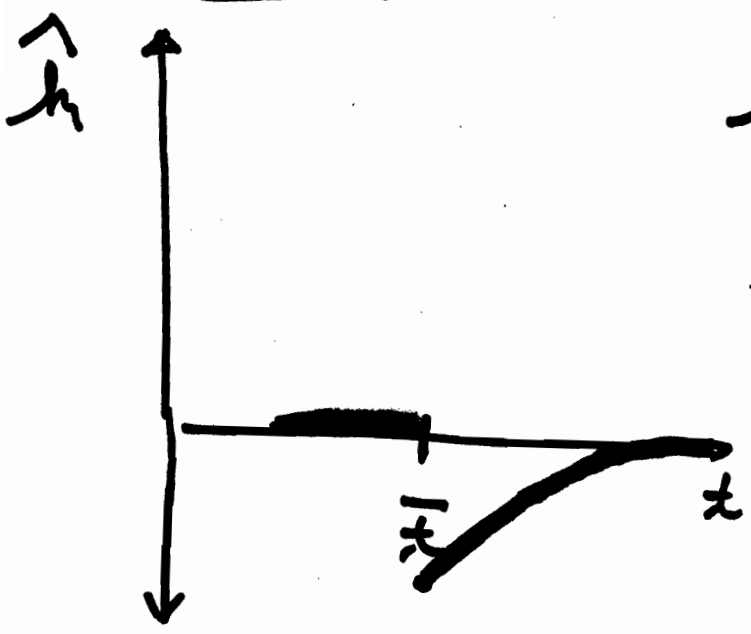


AT  $k^*$ ,  $\hat{k} = \hat{y} = 0$

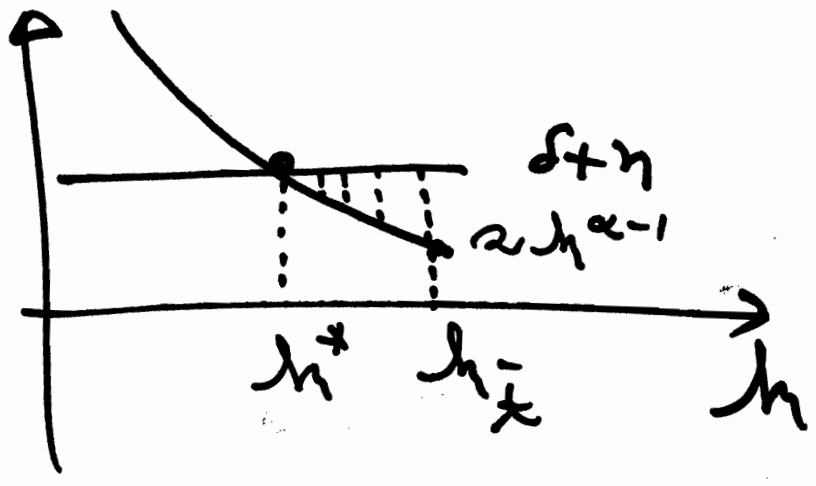
ASSUME  $k$  JUMPS UP AT  $\bar{k}$

# PATHS

①



$$\hat{h} = \alpha h^{\alpha-1} - (\delta + \eta) = \frac{\alpha}{h^{1-\alpha}} - (\delta + \eta)$$

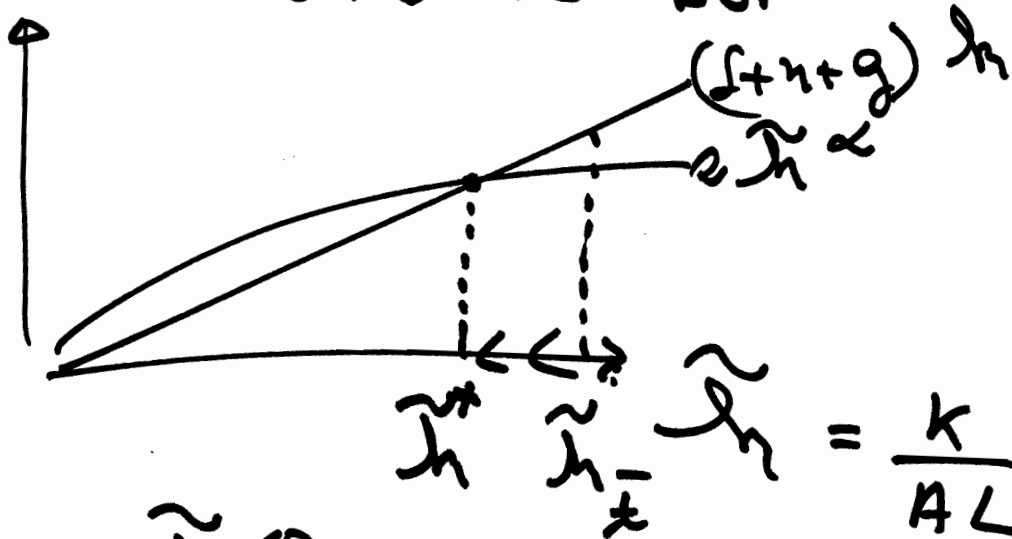


$y = h^\alpha$        $\hat{y} = \alpha \hat{h}$   
 SIMILAR      JUST A CONSTANT CHANGES

REMARK.

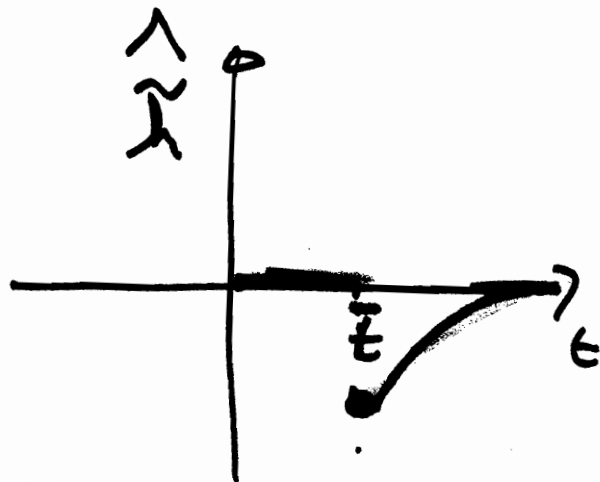
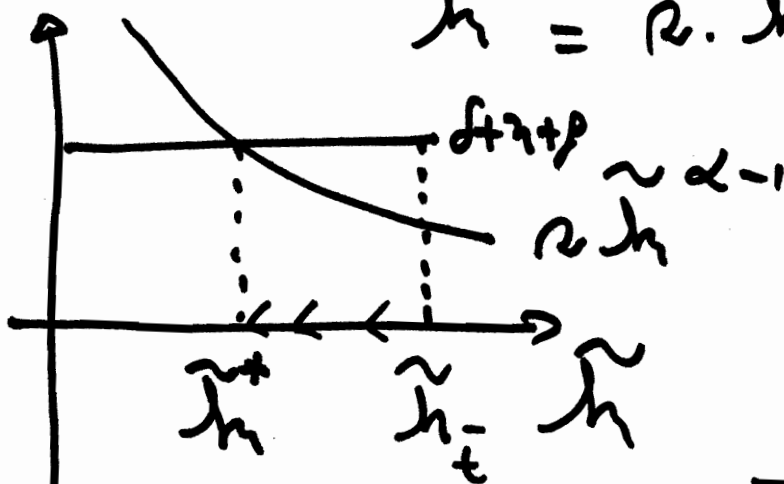
WHAT IF WE HAVE  $\uparrow k$  WITH THE SOLOW MODEL WITH TECH. CHANGE?

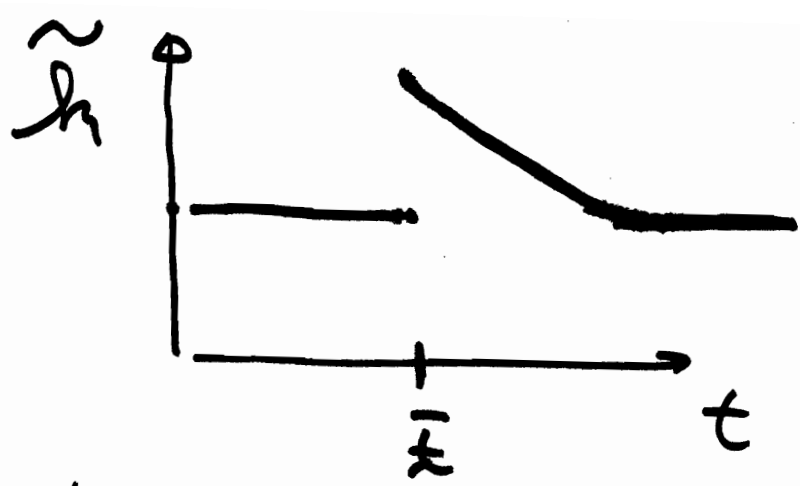
AGAIN: SHORT RUN ADJUSTMENT TO GET BACK TO "ORIGINAL BGP"



$\uparrow k \Rightarrow \tilde{h} \uparrow$

$$\hat{h} = r \cdot h^{\alpha-1} - (\delta+n+g)$$





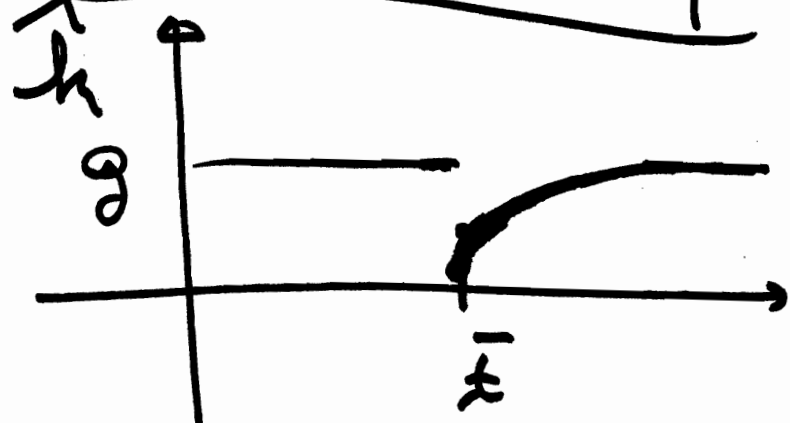
How ABOUT  $y?$   $h?$

WE WILL FOCUS ON  $\hat{h}$ ?

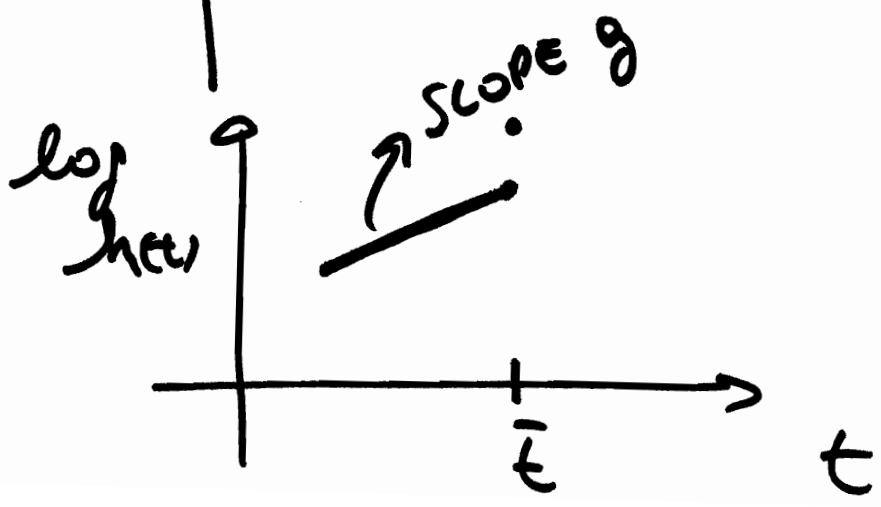
$$\tilde{h} = \frac{h}{A} \Rightarrow h = \tilde{h} \cdot A = \hat{h} - g$$

$\Rightarrow$

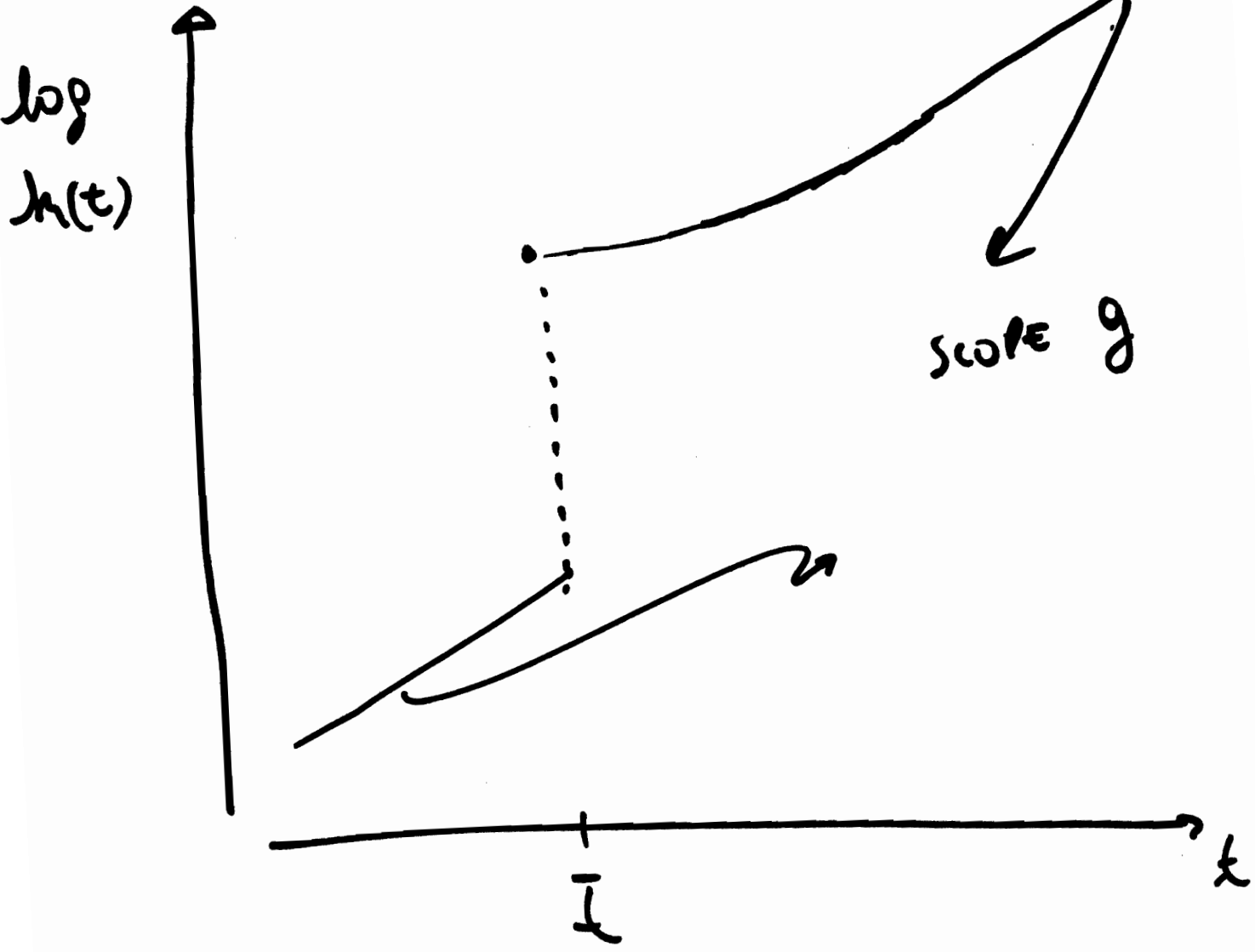
$$\hat{h} = \tilde{h} + g$$



ASSUME THAT  $|\tilde{h}_{t-\bar{t}}| < g$

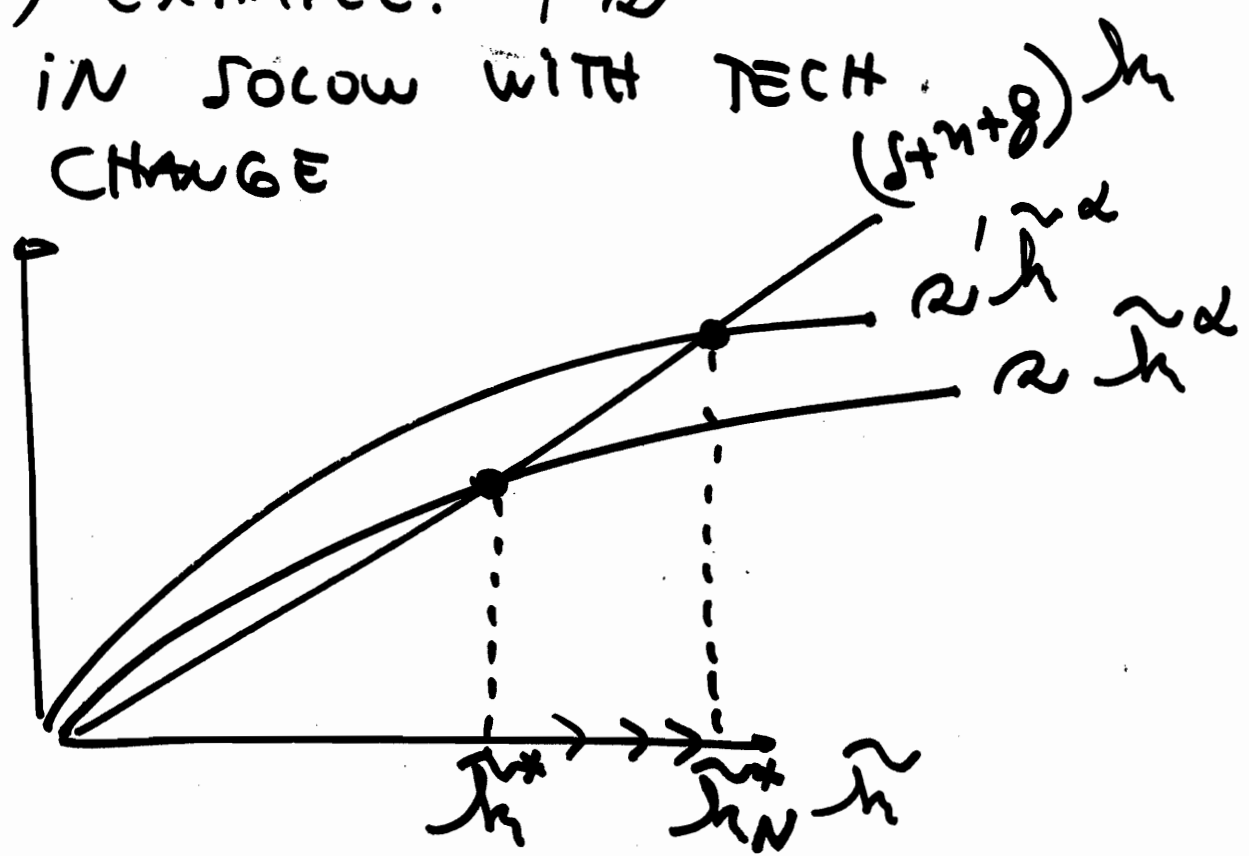


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(II) EXAMPLE:  $\rho < 2$

IN SOLow WITH TECH CHANGE



ASSUME WE WERE AT INITIAL S.S. (ON BGP)

LONG RUN EFFECTS

(BGP)  
 $\hat{h}^*$  ?

$\hat{y}^*$  ?

DO NOT CHANGE  
 $\hat{y}_{old} = \hat{y}_{new}$  AT BGP

PATH  $h$  AT BGP ?

PATH  $y$  AT BGP ?

HIGHER  $\rho \Rightarrow$  HIGHER PATH

AT  $\bar{t}$ ,  $r$  JUMPS UP

$\Rightarrow r' \tilde{h}^{\alpha-1} - (\eta + \rho + \delta) > 0$

$\Rightarrow \tilde{h} \uparrow$  (AT A  $\downarrow$  RATE)

