## Slide 1: The Current Account and U.S. Gross Investment/Saving Balances

(1) Data Source: (1960 ~ 2004 annual)

National Income and Product Accounts in BEA

- Saving and Investment Data: Table 5.1
- Current Account Data: Table 4.1
- (2) Data Description:
- $Private = Gross \ Private \ Saving Gross \ Private \ Domestic \ Investment = [Net private saving + Private consumption of fixed capital]$
- Government = Gross Government Saving Gross Government Domestic Investment = [Net government saving + Government consumption of fixed capital]
- Balances on Current Account = Current receipts from the rest of the world Current payments to the rest of the world = [Exports of goods and services + Income receipts] [Imports of goods and services + Income payments + Current taxes and transfer payments to the rest of the world (net)]

## Slide 2: Net International Investment Position

(1) Data Source: (1982 ~ 2004 annual)

International Economic Accounts in BEA

- (2) Data Description: (With direct investment positions at market value)
- Net International Investment Position of the United States = U.S.-owned assets abroad Foreign-owned assets in the United States = [U.S. official reserve assets + U.S. Government assets, other than official reserve assets + U.S. private assets | [Foreign official assets in the United States + Other foreign assets ]

## Slide 3: U.S. Net Investment Income

- (1) Data Source: (1982 ~ 2004 annual)
- U.S. International Transactions Accounts in BEA (especially, Table 1. U.S. International Transactions)
- (2) Data Description:
- Income receipts on U.S.-owned assets abroad = Direct investment receipts + Other private receipts + U.S. Government receipts
- Income payments on foreign-owned assets in the United States = Direct investment payments + Other private payments + U.S. Government payments

## Slide 4: Real Exchange Rates

- (1) Data Source: (1973 Jan ~ 2005 Apr monthly)
- Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
- (2) Data Description:
- Broad index:

- (i) a weighted average of the foreign exchange values of the U.S. dollar against the currencies of a large group of major U.S. trading partners. The index weights, which change over time, are derived from U.S. export shares and from U.S. and foreign import shares.
- (ii) Euro area (Germany, France, Italy, Netherlands, Belgium/Luxembourg, Ireland, Spain, Austria, Finland, Portugal, Greece), Canada, Japan, Mexico, China, United Kingdom, Taiwan, Korea, Singapore, Hong Kong, Malaysia, Brazil, Switzerland, Thailand, Philippines, Australia, Indonesia, India, Israel, Saudi Arabia, Russia, Sweden, Argentina, Venezuela, Chile, Colombia
  - Major currencies index:
- (i) a weighted average of the foreign exchange values of the U.S. dollar against a subset of currencies in the broad index that circulate widely outside the country of issue. The weights are derived from those in the broad index.
- (ii) Euro area (Germany, France, Italy, Netherlands, Belgium/Luxembourg, Ireland, Spain, Austria, Finland, Portugal, Greece), Canada, Japan, United Kingdom, Switzerland, Australia, Sweden